2016 Poll Worker Training: Absentee Ballot Canvassing Officials



Provided by the:
State Board of Election Commissioners
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Absentee Ballot Canvassing Officials

- This presentation is for those election officials responsible for opening, processing, and canvassing absentee ballots. This section includes topics that may not apply to every poll worker.
- Specifically we will cover:
 - Opening & processing absentee ballots
 - Evaluating the validity of absentee ballots
 - Provisional absentee ballots
 - Counting absentee ballots generally
- Remember: Absentee Ballot Canvassing Officials (or absentee clerks) are election officials and must take the oath of an election official.

Opening & Processing Absentee Ballots

- Conducted by election officials BEFORE the polls close on election day
- Clerk 1, while observed by another election official, opens the return (outer) envelope and verifies that the voter statement, ID (if the ballot is from a flagged voter) and the ballot (inner) envelope have been properly placed in the return envelope.
- If everything is in order:
 - Clerk 1 reads aloud the voter's name and precinct from the voter statement.
 - Clerk 2 lists in duplicate the name and precinct of the voter. The duplicated list can be a carbon copy, photo copy, or hand-written copy of the original list.
 - The election officials compare the name, address, DOB and signature on the absentee ballot application against the voter statement.
 - The election officials compare the name and address of the bearer, agent or administrator written on the absentee ballot return envelope with the information on the voter statement.
- Place the unopened inner "Ballot Only" envelope into the absentee ballot box.

Opening & Processing Absentee Ballots

- ▶ If the voter statement and/or ID (if the ballot is from a flagged voter) are NOT in the return envelope separate from the inner "Ballot Only" envelope:
 - Clerk 1 removes the inner "Ballot Only" envelope from the outer return envelope and hands it to Clerk 2.
 - Clerk 2 inspects the inner "Ballot Only" envelope while being observed by clerk 1 and,
 - Removes the voter statement and/or ID documents, if found there, from the inner "Ballot Only" envelope and hands them to Clerk 1.
 - Clerk 2 returns the inner "Ballot Only" envelope and any found voter statement/ID documents to Clerk 1 and Clerk 1 places the inner "Ballot Only" envelope back into the outer return envelope.
 - Clerk 1 reads aloud from the voter statement, and regular processing procedures (see previous slide) are followed.

Validity of Absentee Ballots

- ▶ A name on a voter statement that is slightly different from the way the name is stated on the absentee ballot application (John A. Doe on one; John Doe on the other, for instance) "compares" if all the other information (DOB, address, signature) demonstrates that it is the same person.
- Dates of birth must match.
 - 4-11-1953 does not match 11-4-1953, for instance.
- Addresses must match.
 - 102 Main Street and 201 Main Street do not match, for instance.
- ► Election officials are not handwriting experts. Reject a ballot on the basis that the signatures do not compare *only* if there is a distinct and easily recognizable difference between the signature on the absentee ballot application and the voter statement.
- ► Certain voters may be "flagged" with a "must show ID" notation on the PVR list. If voting by absentee ballot, these "flagged" voters must include in the return envelope a copy of a current and valid photo identification or a copy of a current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or other government document that shows the name and address of the voter. If identification is not present, the ballot is considered a provisional ballot.
- If there is any doubt about the validity of a ballot, set it aside for the election commission to review.

Provisional Absentee Ballots

- Poll watcher challenges;
- Flagged voters; and
- ► Absentee ballots delivered by a bearer/agent/administrator for which the name and address of the bearer/agent/administrator written by the county clerk on the return envelope does not match the information contained in the voter statement.
- When an absentee ballot becomes provisional, the absentee ballot clerk should:
 - Place the absentee voter package (the return envelope and everything that is inside it) into a provisional voter envelope;
 - Record on the provisional voter envelope the reason the absentee ballot was made provisional, including the reason the ballot was challenged, if any; and
 - Set the provisional ballots aside for consideration by the election commission.

Counting Absentee Ballots

- After processing all the absentee ballots, the absentee ballot election officials shake the ballot box containing the inner "Ballot Only" envelopes thoroughly to mix the ballots.
- ▶ When it is time to count the ballots, election officials must:
 - Open the inner "Ballot Only" envelopes;
 - Count any write-in votes first; and
 - Count the remaining ballots by hand or electronic tabulating device at the discretion of the election commission.

Reject any ballot if:

- It comes in a bulk mailing from someone other than an administrator of a long-term care facility;
- No voter statement is found in the return envelope or the ballot envelope;
- If the election commission finds that the name, date of birth, address or signature on the voter statement do not compare to the corresponding information on the absentee ballot application;
- The absentee ballot was cast by a voter who dies before the polls open on election day if it is postmarked, delivered by a bearer, agent or administrator, or, in the case of an active duty "armed services" voter, executed after the date the voter died;
- If the return envelope indicates the ballot was returned by a bearer, agent or administrator but the voter has not authorized a bearer/agent/administrator on the voter statement.

And Remember:

► Absentee ballots on hand (and early votes) must be counted before the polls close on election day and the initial count reported to the Secretary of State no later than 30 minutes after the polls close.

Processing of absentee ballots may not begin prior to 8:30
 a.m. on election day.

